

If you test POSITIVE:

- A positive test result shows you may have antibodies from an infection with the virus that causes COVID-19.
- We do not know yet if having antibodies to the virus that causes COVID-19 can protect someone from getting infected again or, if they do, how long this protection might last.
- You should continue to protect yourself and others since it might be possible you could get infected with the virus again. At this time, we do not know.
- If you have no symptoms, you likely do not have an active infection and no additional follow-up is needed.
- You might test positive for antibodies even if you never had symptoms of COVID-19. This can happen if you had an infection without symptoms (also called an asymptomatic infection).

If you test NEGATIVE:

- You may not have had COVID-19 before.
- You could still have a current infection. The test may be negative because it typically takes 14 days after infection to develop IgG antibodies. It's possible you could still get sick if you have been exposed to the virus recently. This means you could still spread the virus. Some people may take even longer to develop antibodies, and some people may not develop antibodies.
- If you have symptoms or develop symptoms after the antibody test and you meet other criteria for testing, you would need the nasal swab test. An antibody (blood) test cannot tell if you are currently sick with COVID-19.

Regardless of whether you test positive or negative, we do not know if the results confirm whether or not you are able to spread the virus that causes COVID-19. Until we know more, continue to take steps to protect yourself and others.

PURPOSE OF THE COVID-19 ANTIBODY TEST

At this time, the full use of the results of this test is unknown. It is in our opinion that, until a vaccine or cure for COVID-19 is available, this is one of the few tools available to us in the reopening of our communities and businesses, as we do not currently know when this pandemic will end. Results of this test should be used in addition to the recommended safety precautions. Results of this test should also not be used to discriminate the non-immune or those you have had COVID-19. We do not know if the antibodies that result from COVID-19 will provide someone with protection (immunity) from getting the infection again. If antibodies do provide immunity, we don't know how much antibody is protective or how long protection might last. Scientists are currently conducting studies to answer these questions. Antibody tests are important for detecting previous infections in people who had few or no symptoms. This test is not meant to be used to screen for a current, active COVID-19 infection.

THE VERANDA'S COVID-19 ANTIBODY TEST

The Veranda has chosen to use the FDA-approved Beckman Coulter's Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA) COVID-19 Antibody test. This test will be performed in our own high-complexity CLIA certified lab by our own trained certified lab technicians. This test is a venipuncture lab that detects COVID-19 IgG antibodies using special ELISA lab machines. IgG antibodies appear around day 14 of infection. In the studies for the Beckman Coulter's COVID-19 IgG antibody test, the test showed 99.1% clinical sensitivity at day 14 and 100% at day 18. This test also showed a 99.5-100% clinical specificity. In other words, this is a very accurate test with rare false positives and false negatives.